

This quiz is based on the reading from Sue, Davidson, Kupers and Ross, Trull p 76-77. If you are not sure of an answer, make your selection and briefly write your reasoning in the margins or on the back of the quiz. Questions are worth 1 point each. **Please circle your answer and place the letter you chose as your final answer in the blank to the left of the question.**

- ___1. According to supporters of cultural competence in clinical psychologists, clinicians should
 - a. adhere to the “myth of sameness”
 - b. have expertise specific to the cultural backgrounds of those they serve
 - c. avoid scientific mindedness
 - d. all of the above

- ___2. Why would someone argue that there IS a gender bias in the DSM system?
 - a. There are differences in the rates of diagnoses for men and women
 - b. The diagnostic system was created by men
 - c. New diagnoses are being created that can only be given to women
 - d. All of the above are arguments that could be made

- ___3. Kupers argues that there is a gender bias in the DSM by stating all of the following except
 - a. the DSM suggest that more and more people are diagnosably disturbed
 - b. women’s traits are seen as equally problematic as men’s
 - c. more men have served on the contributors board as organizers of the DSM than women
 - d. none of the above

- ___4. Ross and colleagues argue that there is no gender bias in the DSM system by stating
 - a. there are not differences in prevalence rates between men and women for different disorders
 - b. authors of the DSM have removed potentially bad and unreliable diagnoses
 - c. authors of the DSM have disregarded diagnoses that pathologize women’s biological functioning (like PMDD)
 - d. none of the above

- ___5. Sue states that psychologists should
 - a. not study ethnicity or race
 - b. focus on distal variables more often
 - c. focus on proximal variables more often
 - d. try to avoid issues related to ethnic minorities

- ___6. With respect to “matching” the client and therapist, Sue discusses that this match should be on _____ variables.
 - a. ethnic or racial
 - b. gender
 - c. age-related
 - d. cultural

- ___7. Some of the criticisms of past research on cultural issues states
 - a. some studies have been correlational, making cause difficult to determine
 - b. some studies use incomplete or inadequate research designs such as non-randomization
 - c. some studies use analogs or simulations of therapy and not actual therapy sessions
 - d. all of the above

- ___8. One of the issues that makes research on cultural variables so difficult is that the topic is inherently
 - a. racist
 - b. political
 - c. psychological
 - d. all of the above

- ___9. True or False: Davison argues that under some circumstances it is appropriate and acceptable to try to change the sexual orientation of a client.
 - a. True
 - b. False

- ___10. Which of the following is not emphasized as an essential issue to address with GLB clients?
 - a. coming out
 - b. the difficulty of maintaining an identity
 - c. the common or typical experiences had by GLB clients
 - d. issues related to intimacy and trust in the context of safer sex